-por la gracia de Dios y la Constitución de la Monarquía Espanda na de las Gor cuanto se ajusto, conclunjo' y firmo' en Londres el dia veinte y nueve de Octubre del ano de mil ochos cientos sesenta y tres por Don Juan Fomás Comyn y Sir John Bowing, Plenipotenciarios nombrados al efecto en debida forma, un Fratado de Amistad, Comercio y Navegación entre España y las Islas Hannianas, compuesto de veinte y ocho artículos en lingua castellana è inglesa que palabra por palabra. es del tenor siguinter:

Su Majestad la Reina Her Majesty the Gueen of de las Españas por una parte, y Su Spain on the one part, and His Majestad & Rey delas Island Majesty the King of the Harraian Hawaiianas por otra queriendo faci. Islands on the other part, disiving litar el establecimiento de relaciones comorcia to facilitate the establishment of commercial relations between Spain les entre Españely las Tolas Hamainades !! and the Hawaiian Islands and y favorecer su desarrollo por medio de un beatado de amistad de to favor their development by ic Treaty of amily commune and comercio y de navegación a fin dec asegurar à los des paises mangation suited for securing ventajas iguales y reciprocas, the two countries equal and han nombrado pal efecto recipiocal advantages have nominated to this purpose for Their por sus Plenipotenciarios a' saber: Plenipotentiaries that is to say : Su Majestad la Reinay Her Majesty the Queen of de las Españas a' Don Tuan Spain Don Fuan Toma's Comyn, Eoma's Comyn, Caballero Gran Grux Knight Grand Grass of the de la Real orden de Tsabel la Royal Order of Elizabeth the Catholic, Knight Gommandor Católica, Comondador de Kumero de la Real y distinguida de C of the Royal and distinguished Carlos 3°, Gran Crux de la Order of Charles the Third, Grand

de Télipe d'Magnánimof de Hesse, de la de Cristo de Portugale & Gran Oficial de la Legion de Homor de Trancia, Comendador de las Ordenes de la Concepcion de Villaviciosa de Portugal y del Aquila Roja de Prusia &:; Su Gentilhombre de Camara, Consejaro extraordinario que ha side in sie actual Enviado Extraordinario y Ministro Plenipotenciario P en la borte de Su Majestad Británica; y Su Mapstad el Rey de las Íslas Hawaiianas á Sir Sohne-Bowning, Knight-Bachelor de la Gran Bretaño Los cuales despues de P haberse comunicado sus respectivos podexes y de haberlas hallado en bruna y debida forma, han convenido en los

Cross of the Order of Philip the Magnanimous of Hesse of that of Christ of Portugal S.ª Grand Officer of the Segion of Honour of France, Commander of the Orders of Our Lady of Villaviciosa of Portugal and of the Red Eagle of Prussia & Chambelan of He Catholic Majesty, late Royal Counselor in extraordinary and Her actual Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Renipotentiary at the Court of Her Britannic Majorty; and His Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, Sie John Bowing Knighta Bachelor of Great Britain. Who having mulially communicated their powers and found them in good and true form have agreed on the

Artículos siguientes: Artículo 1.º Habra' par perpetua y amistad constante entre el Reino dec España y el de las Islas Haminanas y entre los ciudadanos de ambos paises sin exception de personas ni dep lugares. Artículo 2. Habra' entre la España y las Íslas Hawaiianas libertad reciproca de comercio y de navegacion - Los españoles en las Íslas Hawaiianas y las subditos havaiianos en España podran entrar libremente y com toda seguridad con sus buques y cargamentes como los mismos nacionales, en todas los

following Articles: Article Set There shall be papetual peace and constant friendship between the Hingdom of Train and that of the Hawaiian Islands and between the citizens of the two countries without exception of person or place. Article 22 There shall be between Spain and the Hawaiian Islands reciprocal freedom in commerce and navigation_ Graniards in the Hawaiian Islands and Hawaiian subjects in Spain may ontor in the same liberty and security with their vessels and cargoes as are enjoyed by the natives of the respective

lugares, puertos y rias que eston abiertos o lo fuesen en los succesivo al comorcio extrangero, sujetandose ja las presauciones - de policia adoptadas para con los súbditos de las naciones más fourreadas Articulo3. Los ciudadanos de cada unas de las dos partes contratantes podráne, como los nacionales, en los territorios respectivos, viajor o'xesidir o' comerciar por mayor o menor, alquilou i ocupar las casas, almacones y tiondas que necesitén; efectuar transportes de mercancias y de dinors y recibir o consignaciones; podrán asi mismo ser admitidos como fiadores en la Aduana cuando haga mas de

countries in all places, ports and rivers which are or shall in future be open to foreign commerce provided always that the police regulations employed for the protection of the citizens of the most favored nations be respected Article 3. The citizens of each of the contracting Parties may like the natives in the respective territories, travel or reside, trade whole sale or retail, let or occupy the houses, stores and shops which they may require; they may carry on the transport of merchandize and money and receive consignments; they may also when they have resided more than a year in the country and their goods. chattels or moveables which they

un año que se hallen establecidos en la localidad y que los bienes raices o muebles que posean presenten suficientes garantias_ Canto los unos como los otros gorarán de una absoluta igualdad y podrán en todas sus compras y en todas sus ventas establecor y fijar el preció de los efectos mercancias y toda clase de objetos, asi importados como nacionales, bien sea que los vendan para el interior o'que los destinon à la esportaciono. Toxarán de la misma libertad para hacer sus negocios, presentar en la Aduana sus propias declaraciones o'hacerse suplix por quien fuzguen aproposito, apoderados, factores, agentes consignatarios o'interpretes ya sea en la compra s'en la ventaj

there possess shall offer a sufficient security, be admitted as sureties in Gustom-house transactions .- The stizons of both countries shall on a footing of parfect equality be free both to purchase and to sell, to establish and to fix the price of goods, merchandizes and articles of every kind, whether imported or of home manufacture, whether for home consumption or for exportations. They shall also enjoy liberty to carry on their business themselves , to present to the Constom house their own declarations or to have their place supplied by their own attorneys, factors, consignées agents or interpreters, whether in the purchase or sale of their goods , their property or? machandize, whether for the loading. is unloading or of the expedition of

de sus respectivos bienes, efectos ó mexcancias, ya en la cargo, descarga à expedision de sus buques. Tendrán asimismo el derecho de C. ijercex todas las funciones que les seam encomendadas por sus propios compatrio. has por extrangeres o' por nacionales en calidad de apoderados, factores, agentes consignatarios o interpretes. Se conformaiain para todos estos actor con las leyes y reglamontos del pais, y no estaván sujetos bajo ningun concepto, à otras cargas, restricciones, hasas o'impuestos que a' los que se hallen sometidos los nacio nales, salvas las precauciones de policia empleadas con las naciones mas favorecidas. Gueda ademas convenido especialmente que todas las ventajas de cualquiva naturaly que sean concedidas actualmentes

their vessels. They shall also have the right to fulfil all the functions. that are confided to them by their own countrymen by strangers er by natives in the position of attaney factors, agents, consignées or interpretees . For the performance of all these acts they shall conform to all the laws and regulations of the country and they shall not be subject in any case to any other charges, restrictions, taxes or impositions than those to which the natives are subject, provided always that the police regulations employed for the protection of the citizens of the most favoured nations be respectede. It is also specially provided that all the advantages of any kinde whatevor actually grainted by the

por las leyes y decretos vigentes en las Íslas Hawaiianas o'que loc sean en la sucesivo a' los inmigrantes extrangeros, seran garantidas a' los españoles establecidos o que se establician on cualquier funto del territorio hamaiiano; y lo mismo se entendará respecto de los subditas harraiianos en España Articulo 4: Los subditos respectivos gorarán en ambos Estados de la mas constante y completa protección para sus personas y propiedades = En conse. cuencia tendran libre y facil access à los tribunales de justicia para la reclamación y defensa de sus derechos en toda instancia y enc bodos los grados de jurisdicciono establicidos por las leyes. Cendrán la libertad de emplear en cualquier

laws and decrees now in force, or which shall in future be accorded to foreign settlers, shall be quaranteed to spaniards established or who shall establish themselves in whatever positions they may deem fit in the Hawaiian territory; and the same shall hold good for hawaiian subjects in Spain. Article 4th The respective citizens of the two countries shall enjoy the most constant and complete protection for their persons and property ... Consequently they shall have fee and easy access to the bounts of justice in the pursuit and defense of their rights in every instance and dogues of jurisdiction established by the lass -They shall be at liberty under any circunstance to employ

circunstancia los abogados proculawyers, advocates or agonts from any class whom they may see radores o'gentes de todas clases que conceptuen aproposito para gestio nar en sumombre - En resumene, gozarán en este concepto de los mismos derechos y privilegios que se concedor a' los nacionales y estarán sometidos a las mismas condiciones. Artículo 5.º Los españoles en las Íslag. Sandwich y los hawaiiancs en Espa ña, estavan econtos de todo servicio en los eje citos de mar y tiena y en las quadias y milicias nacionales, y no se halla. ran sometidas por sus propiedades muebles o' inmuebles a' o has cargas restricciones, tasas o'impuestos que aquellos a'que estino sujetos los mismos nacio. nales. are subject.

fit to authorise to act in their (name.-In fine, they shall in all respects, enjoy the same rights and privileges which are granted stop natives and they shall be subject to the same conditions. Article 5⁴ Spaniards in the Hawaiian Islands and hawaiians in Spain shall be exempt from all service, whether in the army or navy or in the national guard or militia and they cannot be subject to any other charges, restrictions taxes or impositions on their property, furniture or moveables than those to which the natives themselves

Artículo 6.º Article 6th Los ciudadanos de uno y otro The citizens of both countries Estado no podrán respectivamente respectively shall not be subject quedar sujetos a' embargo alguno, ni to any embargo, nor to be detained with their vessels, luggage, cargoes or? ser detenidos con sus buques, tripucommercial effects for any military laciones, cargamentos o'efectos de comer cio para ninguna expedicion militar expedition whatevor, nor for any public or private service whatever, ni para ningun o ho uso particular unless the Government or local o público, sin que el gobierno o la Autoridad local convengan prévia-Authorities shall have previously agreed with the parties interested mente con los interesados en unaç justa indeminicación al efecto. y that a just indemnity shall be granted for such service, and for such ?en la que podrá pediíse por los daños y perjuicios compensation as might fairly be required for the wrong, which not que, no siendo puramente being purchy fortuitous, may have foctuitos, provengan del servicio grown out of the service which a'que se hubiesen obligado C they have voluntarily undoctaken. voluntariamente Article I _Articulo 7.º Los ciudadanos de los dos partes Citizens of either of the contracting

contratantes tendrán el derecho parties shall on the respective en los territorios respectivos de p territories have the rights of possessing poseer bienes de toda especier y property of any sort and disposing de disponer de ellos del modo of it on the same conditions as que los nacionales native subjects. Los españoles gozarán en el Spaniards shall enjoy in all the territorio havaiiano del dorecho Hamilian territories the right de recojer, y transmitir las haencias of collecting and transmitting. successions abistestate or testamentary abintestato o teslamontarias al as havaiians, according to the igual de los havaiianos, segunç las leyes del pais y sin hallaise laws of the country whout being subjected as strangers to any burthen sujetos en raxon de su calidad de extrangeros à ninguna exaccion o impueste or impost which are not paid by que no se exija a los nacionales. the natives. Reciprocamente, los subditos Reciprocally hawaiian subjects shall enjoy in Spain the right of havaiianos gozarán en España del derecho de recejer y trasmitir las collecting and transmitting successions herencias abintestato o'destamentarias ab-intestato or testamentary on the al igual de los españoles, segun same conditions as spaniards, according las luyes que rijan en el pais y to the laws of the country and without in estar sujetas en su calidad de c being subject as strangers to any

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extrangeros a'ninguna exaccion o'impues. to que no se exija a' los nacionales. La misma reciprocidad existira entre los ciudadanos de los dos países para las donaciones intervivos. A efectuar la exportación de los bienes recojidos o adquiridoes por cualquier titulo que sea, de los españoles en las Íslas Hasvaiianas o'por las hawaiianos en España, no se exijixa vobre estos bienes ningun derecho de debracción de emigra im ni otra carga a la que los nacionals o se hallon sigetos Artículo 8.º Serán considerados como buques españoles en las Íslas Hawaiianas y como f uques hamaiianos en España todos los que raveguen bajo su pabellon respectivo y que ean portadores de los papeles del buque y de los ocumentes excipides por las leyes de su propios. iois para la putifician de la nacionalidad de c

charge or impost not paid by the natives. The same reciprocity between the citizens of the two countries shall exist. for donations into vivos. On the exportation of property collected or acquired under any head by spaniards in the Harraiian Islands or by Hawaiians in Spain, three shall be no duty on removal or emigration nor any duty whatever to which natives are not subjected Article 8⁴⁵ All spanish or hawaiian vessels sailing under their respective colours and which shall be bearers . of the ship's papers and documents required by the laws of their respective countries shall be considered as notional result

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los buques de Comercio (.) Artículo 9.º Los buques españoles que entra ren en lastre s'cargados en los puertos hawaiianos é que salicion, y recipio camente, los buques hawaiianos que entraren en lastre o' con carga en los puertos de España s'que salicren, ya fuese por max, por icos o' canales, sea cual fuere el punto de partida o'el de su destino, no estaran sujetos ni a' la ontrada ni a' la salida ni al paso, a' derechos de tonclage, de puerto, de balija, de pilotage, de anclage, de remolque, de fanal; de esclusa; de canales, de cuarentena, de salvamento, de deposito, de patente, de corretage, de navegacion, de peage, en resumen d'los derechos s'oargas de cualquier naturaleza o denominación que fueson que pesason sobre las cascos de las buques, percibidos o'establecidos

Article 92 Spanish vessels which shall arrive either in ballast or laden in havaiian ports or which shall leave the same, and recipiocally, hawaiian vessels which either in ballast or laden enter or leave the ports of Spain, whether by sea or by rivers or canals, whatever be the place of their departure or that of their destination, shall not be subject, either at entry or departure, to duties on tonnage, port or transit, pilotage, anchorage, shifting, light house, shice, canals, quarantine, salwage, bondingwarchouses, patent, brokerage, navigation, passage or to any duties or charges whatever levied on the hulk of vessels, received or established for the benefite of the Government, of the public functionaries, communes or establishment

en nombre d'en benefició del Gobierno, de funcionarias públicos, de municipalidades i otros estáblicamientos excepto los que están actualmente o puedan sor en lo sucesivo impuestos a los buques nacional Artículo 10: On le concerniente à la colocacion de los buques, su carga o' descarga en los puestos, radas, abras, darse nas y generalmente para todas las formalidades y disposiciones a'que puedan hallarse sometidos les buques de comercio sus tripulacio. nes y cargamenta, se ha convenido que no se concedera a los buques nacionales ringun privilegio ni faror que no se haga estonsiro a los delos Estado, siendo la voluntad de las dos partes contratantes que tambien en este concepto sus buques sean tratados con unas perfecta igualdade .

of any sort, other than those which are now or may hereafter be levied on national vessels. Article 30⁴⁵ In all that regards the stationing the loading, and unloading of vessels in the ports, roadsteads, harbours and docks and generally for all the formalities and arxangements whatever to which vessels employed in commerce with their freight and boading may be subject, it is agreed that not privilege shall be granted to) national vessels which shall not be equally granted to vessels of the other country, the intention of the high contracting parties being that in this respect also the respective vessels shall be treated one the footing of perfect equality.

Articulo 11. Los buques de una de las dos partes contratantes que entraron de curibadas forzosa en los puertos de la otra no C satisfarán ni por el buque ni por el cargamente mas que los derechos a que se hallen sujetos los buques nacionales en semejantes casos, con tal que se justifique legalmente la necesidad de la arribada, que los buques no verifiquen ninguna operación comorcial y que no permanezcan en el puesto mas timpo que el que exija el motivo por el que se efectuo la arribadap. Articulo 12: Los buques de guerra y los bu. ques ballences españoles, tendran libre entradas en los puestos havaiia nos abiertos; podeán permanecors hacor

Article 35th Vessels of the subjects of the contracting Parties compelled to seek shetter in the ports of the other shall pay neither on the vessels nor the cargo more duties than those levied on national vessels in the same situation, provided that the necessity of such shelter seeking be legally shown, that the vessels shall carry on no commercial speculations and that it will taury . no longor . Ahan is required by the motives which impelled it to enter the porto ... Article 325 Spanish ships of war and whating ships shall have free access to all the open Hawaiian ports; they may there anchor, bee

repaired and victual their crews they may reparaciones y renovae los viveres y podián asimismo ir de un puesto a'otro de las Islas proceed from one harbour to another of the Hawaiian Islands for pash provisions. Mawaiianal para procurar vivres frescos. En todos los puertos abientos en la At all the ports which are or actualidade s'on todos los que lo funon on may be hereafter opened to lo sucesivo a los buques estrangeros, los forcing vessels, spanish ships buques de queeres y los buques balleneros of war and whales shall been españoles estavan sometidos a las mismas subject to the same rules which are one reglas impuestas actualmente o'que en lo may be imposed , and shall enjoy succiso lo sean y gozarán bajo todos conin all respects the same ceptos de los mismos derechos privilegios és rights privileges and immunities. which are or may be inmunidades concedidos o que se concedisión granted to havaiian ships and a'los mismos buques y barcos ballone. whales or to those of the mast. ros havaiianos o' a' los de la nacion mas favoracida p. farored nations . Artículo 13. Article 33th Los objetos de todas clases impor Articles of all sorts imported tados en une de los dos Estados bajo into the ports of either of the la bandorar del otro cuales quina quin contracting States under the que sean su origen y procedencia, no flag of the other, whatever bee

pagarán stros ni mayores derechos de entrada y no estacan sujetos a otros gravamenes que la los que les corresponderian si ficsen importa dos bajo las bandora de las Maione mas favorecidap.) Articulo 14. Los buques españoles en las Íslas Ha waiianas y las buques havraiianos en España, podran descargar una parte de sus carga montas en el puorto de llegada y dirijorse lucgo con d'ecsto de su corgamento a otros puestos del mismo Estado que sec hallen abientes al comercio exterior, ya sea para concluir de descargan sus car gamenter ya para completar su cargamento de retorno, no satisfaciendo on cada puerto stros ni mayores deceshos que los que paquentes buque

their origin and from whatever country imported, shall pay neither other now heavier duties of entry and shall not be subjected to any other charges than those imposed on vessels under the flag of the most favoured nation p. Article 54th Spanish ships in the Hawaiian Islands and hawaiian ships in Spain may discharge a portions of their cargo in the port of their first arrival and proceed with the rest of their cargo to other ports of the same country which may be open to foreign tradely whether to complete their un loading or to provide their returns cargo? and shall pay ininither port other or heavier duties than those

nacionales, en circunstancias ana. logas. On lo concerniente al trafico de cabota ge los buques de ambos paises suán tratados de una parte y otra bajo el mismo pie que los buques de lois naciones mas favorecidas. Articulo 15: Durante el tiempo fijado por las le. yes de los dos paises respectivamente para el deposito de las mercancias, nos ses exijiran otros desechos que los de quarda y almacenage sobre los objetos importados de uno de los dos poises al otro en banto que se ejectue su transito, su receportacion o su venta para el consuma ?. Dichos objetos en ningun caso . hagaran mayores derechos, ni estaran sujetos a' otras formalidades que si hubiera sido importados bajo pabellon

levied on national vessels in similar circumstances. As regards the coasting trade the vesals of each country shall be mutually treated on the same footing as the most favoured nations . Article 35th During the priod allowed by the laws of the two countries for the warchousing of goods not other duties than those for custody and storeage shall be levied upon articles imported from one of the two countries into the other until they shall be removed for transit, re-expertation or internal consumption. . In no case shall such articles pay higher duties, or bep liable to other formalities than if they had been imported under,

nacional o'proviniesen del pais mas favorecido. Artículo 16: Las mercancias embarcadas a bordo de los buques españo les o havaiianos o que pertonescan a los ciudadanos respections podrán ser trasbordadas, en los puestos de los dos paises, a bordo de un buque destinado a un puesto nacional o eschangere, segun los reglamentos de Adua. nas del país y las mercancias tras bor. dadas en este concepto para ser admitidas on otro punto, estavan acontas de toda clase de derechos de Aduana y deponto Articulo 17. Los objetos de todas clases procedentes de España s'expedidos para España gorarán, a su paso por el territorio de las Islas Harraiianas en transito directo o

the national flag or from the most favoured country. Article 36th Merchandize shipped on board spanish or hawaiiang ships or belonging to their respective citizens may be transhipped in the ports of the two countries to a vessel bound for a national or foreign port according to the Custom-house regulations of the two countries, and the goods so transhipped for other ports shall be exempt from all duties of Custom or warehouse. Article 57th Articles of all sorts proceeding from Spain or shipped for Spain shall enjoy in their passage through the territory of the

por receportación, del trato aplicado m semejantes casos a'los objetos procedentes del pais mas favorecido o' destinados a élę. Recipiocamente, los objetos de Fodas clases procedentes de las Islas Hawaiianas o expedidas para este pais obtendran a su paso por el territorio espanol el trato aplicable, en las mismas circuns tancias, a'las objetos procedentes del pais mas favoriado s' destinados a' éle. Articulo 18: Noi una ni otra de las partes contratantes impondea sobre las morcancias, pro cedentes del territorio de la industria o'de las depositor de la otra partes otros nic mayores dexechos de importacion o'de exportación que los que se impongan a' las mismas marcancias proceden

Hawaiian Islands, whether inc direct transit or for re-exportation, all the advantages possessed under the same circumstances by the most facoured nation. Reciprocally, the articles of every sort proceeding from the Hawaiian Islands or sent for that country shall enjoy in their passage through Spain, the same advantages as are possessed by the most favoured natione. Article 38th Neither one nor the other of the contracting parties will impose upon the goods proceeding from the soil, the manufactures or the warehouses of the other different or greater duties one importation or re-exportation than those which

tes de Cualquier otro () Estado extrangero. Moseimpondra'n sobre las mercancias corportadas de un pais al otro, otros ni mayores de rechos que si fueson esportadas con destino a' avalquia otro pais extrangoro. No habra restriccion ni prohibicon de importación o de exportación alguna en el comercio recíproco de las partes contratantes que no de haga extensiva a' todas las demas nacioned. Articulo 19.° Todrán establecerse Cónsules genera les, Consules, Viceconsules o'Agontes Con sulares de cada uno de los dos paises. en el otro para la protección del comor sis; estos Agentes no entrazan en el

shall be imposed on the same merchandize coming from any other foreign Country. Nor shall there be imposed on the goods exported from one country to the other different or higher duties than if they were exported to any other foreign country. No restriction or prohibition of importation or exportation shall take place in the reciprocal commace of the contracting parties which shall not be equally extended to all other nations. Article 39, Consuls generals, Consuls, Vice-consuls and Consular Agents may be established by each country in the other for the protection (of commuce; such Agents

desempeño de sus funciones, ni on el que de sus derechos, privilegios e'inmunidades que puedan correspondales, in tain no hayan obtenido la autorización del Gobiano territorial - Este consor vara por otra parte el derecho de determinar las residencias donde le con. vonga admiti a'los Consulos bienç, entendido que en esta materia los dos Gobiernos no se pondrano respectivamen te ninguna restriccion que no sea comun ensu pais a todas las naciones. Artículo 20: Los Consules generales, Consules, Viceconsules y Agentes consulares de Espa ña en las Islas Hawaiianas gozarán de todos los privilegios, in munidades y exenciones que gocen los Agentes de la . nacion mas favorecidas de la misma clase y en los mismas con

shall not enter upon their functions or enjoyment of the rights, puivileges and immunities which belong to them until they have obtained. the authorisation of the territorial Government, which shall besides. preserve the right of determining the place of residence where bonsuls may be established; it being undorstood that neither Government will impose any restriction which is not common in the country to all nations. Article 20." The Consuls generals, Consuls, Vice consuls and Consular Agents of Spain in the Harraiian C Islands shall enjoy all the privileges, immunities and exemptions enjoyed by the Agents of the most favoured nation in the

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diciones. So mismo se entendera' en Espana para los Consules generales, Consules, Viceconsules y Agentes consulares de las Íslas Havaiianas. Artículo 21: La desercion de las marineros envoarcados en los buques de la una y la otra parte contratantes sera' castigada severamente en los territorios respectivos. - Por lo tanto, los Consules de España podran hacer determ y enviar ei borde o'a' Espa na los marineros desertores de las buques españoles en los puertos de las Íslas Hawaiianas._Al efecto se dirijiran a'ç las Autoridades locales competentes y justificarán por medio de la exhibición original o en copia deladamente outificada de los registros del buque o'l del rol de la tripulación o de otros

same circumstances. And the same shall be the position in Spain of the Hamilian Consuls generals, Consuls Vice consuls and Consular Agents. Article 25 The desection of seamon embacked in the vessels of either of the contracting parties shall be severely deals with in their respective territories. In consequence the Spanish (Consuls shall have the power to cause to be arrested and sent one board , or to Spain , deamen who C may have described spanish vessels in the hawaiian ports _ But for this purpose they must apply to the competent local Authorities and justify by the exhibition of the original or the duly certified

documentos oficiales, que los individuos que reclaman forma ban parte de dicha tripula. ion . _ En vista de cesta petición justificada no podrá negarse la entrega . Seles concedera' toda la ayuda y asistencia necesarias para buscar y detener a'las mencionados desertores que serán arrestados en los prisio. nes del pais, a' petición y a' costa de los Consules hasta que estos Agentes hallen una ocasion para haculas marchar. Si, no obstante, esta ocasion no se presentaise on il termino de dos meses a' contar desde el día del arresto, los desertores seran puestos_ en libertady. Se debe entender que las marine xos subditos hawaiianos estarang excep.

copy of the ship's register, the roll or other official documents to prove that the persons named formed part of the ship's crew - On this application so supported the delivery of the seamen shall not be refused. All aid and assistance shall be given for the discovery and arrest of such desatures who shall be detained in the prisons of the country on the requirement and at the expense of the Consuls until they shall find an opportunity of sending them away. If however, no opportunity shall offer in the course of two months, counting from the day of arrest, the deserters may be set at liberty. It is understood that seaming who are native hawaiians shall

tuados de la presonte disposicion, y tratados conforme a las leyes de su pais Si el desertor hubiese cometido algun delito on el territorio havaiiano su entrega se diferira hasta tanto que el tribunal competente hay a dista do la sontancia, y que esta se houzaç llevado a efecto. Los Consules hawaiianos ten. drain exactamente los mismos derechos en España y está convenido formal. mentes entre las dos partes contratantes que cualquier favor . o' ventaja concedida o'que se concedie. se en lo sucesiro por una de ellas à man de las al otro Estado para la detensión de los desertores se haran extensivos a la otra parte como si el referido favor o 'ventaja hubieson sido espresamente estipu lados en el presente Tratado.

be excepted from this arrangement and be treated according to the laws of their own country. , If the deserter have committed any crime in the Hawaiian territory, his release shall not take place till the competent tribunal shall have given judgement and this judgement been coursied into execution. Hawaiian Consuls shall possess exactly the same rights in Spain and it is formally agreed between the two contrating parties that every other favor or facility granted or to be granted by either to any other Tower for the arest of deserters shall be also granted to the present contracting parties as fully as if they had formed. part of the present Freaty.

Artículo 22: Article 22th Codas las operaciones relativas al All operations connected with salvamento de las buques españoles nai the salvage of stranded or wrecked fragos o zozobrados en las costas de las spanish vessels in the Hawaiian coasts Íslas Hawaiianas serán dirijidas shall be superintended by the Consular por los Agentes consulares de Espa agents of Grain, and reciprocally, the na, y reciprocamente, los Agentes con-Consular Hawaiian Agents shall sulares de las Íslas Hawaiianas superintend the operations connected dirijiran las operaciones relativas al with the salvage of hawaiiand salvamento de los buques desu nacion vessels stranded or wheched in naufragados o zozobrados en las costas de Espana, the spanish coasts. No obstante, si las partes interesada But if the parties interested se hallasen on el sitio del sinicita o si find themselves on the spot-or los capitanes están provistas de podores the captains possess adequater suficientes, se les encomondara' las powers, the administration of administración de los nau the wreck shall be committed fragios. to them. La intervención de las Autorida The intervention of the local des locales tendra lugar unicamente Authorities shall only be applied para consevar el ordon, garantizo to the maintenance of order , los intereses de los salvadores queno to quarantee the rights of the

pertenexcan a' la tripulación naúfraga y asegurar la ejección de las disposiciones que deban obser. varse para la entrada y salida de las macancias salvadas. En ausencia y hasta la llegada de los Agentes Consula res, las Autoridades locales de. beran tomar por lo-demas to das las medidas necesarios para la protección de los indiriduos y la conservación de los efectos salvadas del naufragio. Jas mercaderias salvadas no estarán famas sujetas a ningun dere. cho de Aduanas ni otro alguno, a menos que no sean admitidas al consu mo interior Articulo 23. Los buques, mercadorias o'efectos pertenecientes à los ciudadanos

salvors if they doe not belong to the shipwrecked crew and to assure the execution of the measures to be taken for the entry and departure of the saved goods. In the absence and until the arrival of the Consular Agents, the local Authorities will take the needful steps for the protection of persons and property wrecked! The goods saved shall never be subjected to Customs or other duty unless they are disposed of for home consumption . Article 23° The ships, mexchandize and effects belonging to the respective citizens

respectivos que kubiesen sido apresados por piratas, o'que fuesen condu udos o'hallados en los puertos de la una o'dela otra parte contratante sua'n devuettos a' sus propietarios pragando, si ha lugar, los gastos de su recuperación que se determinarán por los tribunales competentes avan. do el dorecho de propiedad se prusbe ante los tribunales y en vista de la reclamacione que debua hacase en el termino de die yocho meses por los interesados, por sus a podora. dos o por las Agentes de los Gobier. nos respectivos. Artículo 24: Si por una serie de circunstancias desgraciadas ocurriesen entre las partes contratantes cuestiones que pudieron dar margen a' una interrup

which may have been taken by pirates or conveyed to or founds in the ports of either of the contracting parties, shall be delivered to their owners on payment of the expenses, should there be such; the amount to be determined by the competent tribunals, when the right of the proprietoe shall be proved before these tribunals, and the claim being made within the space of eighteen months by the interested parties, by their attorneys or by the Agents of their respective Governments. Article 24th If from a concurrence of unfortunate circumstances, differences between the contracting parties should cause an interruption of the relations of

cion de las relaciones de amistad en tre ellas, y que despues de haber agotado los medios de una discusion amistosa y conciliadora no se hubiese alcama. de completamente el fin a'que mutuamente aspirasen, el arbitrage de una tercara potencia i gualmente amiga de ambas partes, sera invocado de comun acuardo e para evitar por este medio una ruptura definitiva. Articulo 25: Los hawaiianos disputarán en las posesiones españolas de Utrama las vontajas que se concedan on ellas a los subditos de la Nacion mas favorecida, y et aplicarán en las mismas las estipulaciones de este Trata. do en todo cuanto no coto en abiertaç oposision con la legulacion espe_

friendship between them and that after having exhausted the means of an amicable and conciliatory discussion the object of their mutual desire should not have been completely attained the arbitration of a third power equally the friend of both shall , by a common accord, be appealed to, in order to avoid by this means a' definitive rupture. Article 25⁴2 Hawaiian subjects shall enjoy in the Ultramarine possessions of Spain the advantages which are conceded to the subjects of the most favoured nation, and in the same possessions the stipulations of this Treaty shall have effect

cial por que se rigen? Articulo 26. Los buques que navequen con bandera española recibiran en timpo de querra, dentro de los puertos y aquas de las Íslas Hassaiianas, toda la protección que sea posible menos el uso de la funca matorial, y Su Majistad la Reina) de las-Españas se comprometé à respetaren tiempo de gurra la neutralidad de las. Islas Hamailands y a' em. plear sus buenos oficios arcar de las otras Solonias que lengan tratadas con ellas para inducir. las sí adoptor igual conducta respecto de las mismas Alslas. Artículo 27º El presente Gratado estava vi

when not openly opposed to the special legislation there existing. Article 26th All vessels bearing the flag of Spain shall, in time of war, receive every possible protection, short of active hostility, within the posts and waters of the Hawaiian Islands; and Her Majesty the Queon of Spaine engages to respect in time of war the neutrality of the Havaiian Islands and to use her good offices with all the other Powers having treaties with the same to induce them to adopt the same policy towards the said Islands ._ Article 272 The present Treaty shall

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gente durante diez años que principiaran à contarse seis meses despues del cange de las ratificaciones. Si un año antes de espirar este plars ninguna de las partes contra tantes anuncia por medio de una declaracion oficial sug inten cion de hacer cesar sus efectos, el Tratado quedara' anne vigente por espacio de un año y asi -sucesivamente de añop en anof? Artículo 28: El presente Traitado seia ratificado y las ratificaciones se congerran en Londres en el termino de año y medio o' antes si fuese posible. En fé de lo cual los

be in vigor for ten years top commence size months after the exchange of the ratifications_ If a year before The expiration of this term neither of the contracting parties shall have announced by an official declaration its intention of terminating it, the Treaty shall still remain in force for a year and so continue from year to year . Article 282 The present Treaty shall be ratified and the ratification exchanged at London within the space of eighteen months or earlier if

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may be. respectivos plenipotenciarios In faith where of the respective han firmado y estampado Plenipotentiaries have signed the su sello respectivo C. Hecho en Londres. same and thereto affixed their Seals por duplicado ? Done in duplicate, at Landons original el dia vante y this twenty ninth day of Octover nuive de Octubre in the year of Our Lord one del añop de graciaj thousandicight hundred and dec. mile. ochocientos ucty three . sesenta grea (L.S.) firmado = John Bouring = ... (I.S.) formado = Juran T. Comyn .= SS CS Or tarto habiendo visto y examinado uno por uno los viente y ocho artículos que comprende il preissento Inatado, Hemos vinido en aprobar y ratificar cuanto in ellas se contiene, como incontrad-de la presente le aprobamos y ratificames en la mejor y mas amplia forma que podemos, prometion de m fé

de Nuestra palabra Real cumplirlo y observarlo y haær que se cumpla y observe puntualmente en todas sus partes; y para su mayor validacion y firmeza mandamos expedir la presente firmada de Nuestra mano, sellada conf Nuestro sello secrèto ny rependada de Nuestro infrascrito Primer Secretario del Despacho de Estado. Dada en el Palacio de San Ildefonso à veinte y siete de Julio de mil achacientos sesenta ny cinco Jo la Rujun Mr. Blemuder de fait co.

Legacion de Ospañie: en Sondres Heis Majesty the King of Habiendo Ferrido a bien the Hawaiian Islands and S. He. el Rey de las Islas Hawaii Her Highness the Regent of nat y I. a el Regente del Reino Apain having been pleased to de España procesogar el plaso paolong the time for the exchange para el cange de fas Ratifica fratifications of the Treaty between ciones del Tratado entre las Isla. the Camarian Islands, and Cawaianas y Ospana, firmado Isain aquied in Rondon on the en Rondres 2/ 29 de Octubre de 1863 Antober 1863 the painer por los Plenipotenciarios respectivos the Meripotentiaries; Her Maps. y habiendo autorisado para to the King of the Hawaiians verificar dielo cange J. M. el Islands having authorized the Rey de las Islas Hawaianas a die John Bouring su Minish verification of the said exchange Remipotenciario en la Corte de by Tes John Rowing his Moi-The Thempotentiany and this Il James y J. a. el Regente del Reinio de Ospaña a' Dou Manu bighner the Require of Spann Don Manuer Rances Rances , Villanueva su Menette a Manueter Plenepotenciario, sintos Plenepotenciario, sintos Plenepter Rances y Villanueva in Ministro

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of Thain to the Court of the James; the said lenipotentiaries have met this day at the parish Legation in London for the above mentioned purpose. The respective instruments having been accompanied with all the usual formalities have been exchanged after due colocation of their contents and both the Pleni potentiaries have signed per du_ plicate: two version English and spanish having been made, The present contificate of the act they sign and scal with their sespective seals on the eleventh day of May in the year of Our Lord One thousand Eight Hundred and Teventy .-John Ramel

ciarios se han reunido en el dia de hoy en la regacion de Ospaña en Londres con el indicado obgeto. Los instrumentos respectivos : provition de todas las formalidades de contumbre, han sido cangeados despues de colacionar debidamente su contesto ; los l'empotenciarios respectivos han firmado por duplicado y en doble redacción, inglesa y española, la presente contificacion del acto, que firman Sellan con sus sellos respectivos el dia once de Mayo del año de gracia de Moil ochocientos setenta.

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SPAIN Signed at London, October 29th 1863

- Know all Men, that whereas His Majesty the King and Her Majesty the Queen of Spain did on the 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord Eighteen Hundred and Sixtythree, at London, by their respective Plenipotentiaries, negotiate a Treaty of Peace and Friendship, which said Treaty is word for word, as follows:
- Her Majesty the Queen of Spain, on the one part, and His Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands on the other part, desiring to facilitate the establishment of commercial relations between Spain and the Hawaiian Islands and to favor their development by a Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation suited for securing to the two countries equal and reciprocal advantages, have nominated to this purpose for their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say: Her Majesty the Queen of Spain, Don Juan Tomas Comyn, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Order of Isabella the Catholic, Knight Commander of the Royal distinguished Order of Charles the Third, Grand Cross of the Order of Phillip the Magnanimous of Hesse, of that of Christ of Portugal, &c., Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor of France, Commander of the Order of Our Lady of Villaviciosa of Portugal and of the Red Eagle of Prussia, &c., Chamberlain of Her Catholic Majesty, late Royal Councillor in extraordinary and Her actual Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of Her Britannic Majesty; and His Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, Sir John Bowring, Knight Bachelor of Great Britain. Who, having mutually communicated their powers, and found them in good and true form, have agreed on the following Articles:

ARTICLE I. There shall be perpetual peace and constant friendship between the Kingdom of Spain and that of the Hawaiian Islands, and between the citizens of the two countries, without exception of person of place.

ARTICLE II. There shall be, between Spain and the Hawaiian Islands, reciprocal freedom in commerce and navigation. Spaniards in the Hawaiian Islands, and Hawaiian subjects in Spain, may enter in the same liberty and security with their vessels and cargoes as are enjoyed by the natives of the respective countries, in all places, ports and rivers which are, or shall in future be open to foreign commerce; provided, always, that the police regulations employed for the protection of the citizens of the most favored nations be respected.

ARTICLE III. The citizens of each of the contracting parties may, like the natives in the respective territories, travel or reside, trade wholesale or retail, let or occupy the houses, stores and shops which they may require; they may carry on the transport of merchandise and money, and receive consignments; they may also, when they have resided more than a year in the country, and their goods, chattels or movables which they there possess shall offer a sufficient security, be admitted as sureties in Custom-house transactions. The citizens of both countries shall, on a footing of perfect equality, be free

both to purchase and to sell, to establish and to fix the price of goods, merchandise and articles of every kind, whether imported or of home manufacture, whether for home consumption or for exportation. They shall also enjoy liberty to carry on their business themselves, to present to the Custom-house their own declarations; or to have their places supplied by their own attorneys, factors, consignees, agents or interpreters, whether in the purchase or sale of their goods, property or merchandise; whether for the loading or unloading and expedition of their vessels.

They shall also have the right to fulfill all the functions that are confided to them by their own countrymen, by strangers, or by natives, in the position of attorneys, factors, agents, consignees, or interpreters.

For the performance of all these acts, they shall conform to all the laws and regulations of the country, and they shall not be subject, in any case, to any other charges, restrictions, taxes or impositions than those to which the natives are subject; provided, always, that the police regulations employed for the protection of the citizens of the most favored nation be respected. It is also specially provided, that all the advantages of any kind whatever, actually granted by the laws and decrees now in force, or which in future shall be accorded to foreign settlers, shall be guaranteed to Spaniards established, or who establish themselves in whatever position they may deem fit in the Hawaiian territory, and the same shall hold good for Hawaiian subjects in Spain.

ARTICLE IV. The respective citizens of the two countries shall enjoy the most constant and complete protection for their persons and property. Consequently, they shall have free and easy access to the courts of justice in the pursuit and defence of their rights, in every instance and degree of jurisdiction established by the laws. They shall be at liberty, under any circumstances, to employ lawyers, advocates or agents from any class, whom they may see fit to authorize to act in their name. In fine, they shall in all respects enjoy the same rights and privileges which are granted to natives, and they shall be subject to the same conditions.

ARTICLE V. The Spaniards in the Hawaiian Islands, and the Hawaiians in Spain, shall be exempt from all service, whether in the army or navy, or in the national guard or militia, and they cannot be subject to any other charges, restrictions, taxes or impositions on their property, furniture or movables, than those to which the natives themselves are subject.

ARTICLE VI. The citizens of both countries respectively shall not be subject to any embargo, nor to be detained with their vessels, luggage, cargoes or commercial effects for any military expedition whatever, nor for any public or private service whatever, unless the government or local authority shall have previously agreed with the parties interested, that a just indemnity shall be granted for such service, and for such compensation as might fairly be required for the wrong which (not being purely fortuitous) may have grown out of the service which they have voluntarily undertaken.

ARTICLE VII. Citizens of either of the contracting parties shall, on the respective territories, have the right of possessing property of any sort, and disposing of it on the same conditions as native subjects.

Spaniards shall enjoy in all the Hawaiian territories the right of collecting and transmitting successions ab intestato or testamentary as Hawaiians, according to the laws of the country without being subjected as strangers to any burthens or imposts which are not paid by the natives.

Reciprocally Hawaiian subjects shall enjoy in Spain the right of collecting and transmitting succession ab intestato or testamentary, on the same conditions as Spaniards, according to the laws of the country, and without being subject as strangers to any charge or impost not paid by the natives.

The same reciprocity between the citizens of the two countries shall exist for donations inter vivos. On the exportation of property collected or acquired under any head by Spaniards in the Hawaiian Islands, or by Hawaiians in Spain, there shall be no duty on removal or immigration, nor any duty whatever to which natives are not subjected.

ARTICLE VIII. All Spanish or Hawaiian vessels, sailing under their respective colors, and which shall be bearers of the ship's papers and documents required by the laws of the respective countries shall be considered as national vessels.

ARTICLE IX. Spanish vessels which shall arrive either in ballast or laden in Hawaiian ports, or which shall leave the same, and reciprocally, Hawaiian vessels which, either in ballast or laden, enter or leave the ports of Spain, whether by sea, river or canals, whatever be the place of their departure or that of their destination, shall not be subject either at entry, or departure, to duties on tonnage, port or transit, pilotages, anchorage, shifting, light-houses, sluices, canals, quarantines, salvage, bonding-warehouses, patents, brokerage, navigation, passage, or to any duties or charges whatever, levied on the hulks of vessels received or established for the benefit of the government, public functionaries, communes or establishments of any sort other than those which are now or may hereafter be levied on national vessels.

ARTICLE X. In all that regards the stationing, the loading and unloading of vessels in the ports, roadsteads, harbors and docks, and generally for all the formalities and arrangements whatever to which vessels employed in commerce, with their freights and loading may be subject, it is agreed that no privilege shall be granted to national vessels, which shall not be equally granted to vessels of the other country, the intention of the high contracting parties being that in this respect also the respective vessels shall be treated on the footing of perfect equality.

ARTICLE XI. Vessels of the subjects of the contracting parties, compelled to seek shelter in the ports of the other, shall pay neither on the vessels nor the cargo more duties than those levied on national vessels in the same situation; provided, that the necessity of such shelter seeking be legally shown; that the vessels shall carry on no commercial speculations, and that they tarry no longer in the aforesaid ports than is required by the motives which impelled them to seek such shelter. ARTICLE XII. Spanish ships of war, and whaling ships, shall have free access to all the Hawaiian ports; they may there anchor, be repaired and victual their crews; they may proceed from one harbor to another of the Hawaiian Islands for fresh provisions.

At all the ports which are or may be hereafter opened to foreign vessels, Spanish ships of war and whalers shall be subject to the same rules which are or may be imposed, and shall enjoy in all respects the same rights, privileges and immunities which are or may be granted to Hawaiian ships and whalers, or to those of the most favored nation.

ARTICLE XIII. Articles of all sorts imported into the ports of either of the contracting States, under the flag of the other, whatever be their origin, and from whatever country imported, shall pay neither, other nor heavier duties of entry, and shall not be subjected to any other charges than those imposed on vessels under the flag of the most favored nation.

ARTICLE XIV. Spanish ships in the Hawaiian Islands, and Hawaiian ships in Spain, may discharge a portion of their cargo in the port of their first arrival, and proceed with the rest of their cargo to other ports of the same country, which may be open to foreign trade, whether to complete their unloading or to provide their return cargo, and shall pay in neither port other or heavier duties than those levied on national vessels in similar circumstances.

As regards the coasting trade, the vessels of each country shall be mutually treated on the same footing as the most favored nation.

ARTICLE XV. During the period allowed by laws of the two countries for the warehousing of goods, no other duties than those for custody and storage shall be levied upon articles imported from one of the two countries into the other, until they shall be removed for transit, re-exportation or internal consumption.

In no case shall such articles pay higher duties or be liable to other formalities than if they had been imported under the national flag, or from the most favored country.

ARTICLE XVI. Merchandise shipped on board Spanish or Hawaiian ships, or belonging to their respective citizens, may be transhipped in the ports of the two countries to a vessel bound for a national or foreign port, according to the custom house regulations of the two countries, and the goods so transhipped for other ports shall be exempt from all duties of customs or warehouses.

ARTICLE XVII. Articles of all sorts proceeding from Spain, or shipped for Spain, shall enjoy in their passage through the territory of the Hawaiian Islands, whether in direct transit or for re-exportation, all the advantages possessed under the same circumstances by the most favored nation.

Reciprocally, the articles of every sort proceeding from the Hawaiian Islands or sent for that country, shall enjoy in their passage through Spain, the same advantages as are possessed by the most favored nation.

ARTICLE XVIII. Neither one nor the other of the contracting parties will impose upon the goods proceeding from the soil, the manufactures or the warehouses of the other different or greater duties on importation or re-exportation, than those which shall be imposed on the same merchandise coming from any other foreign country.

Nor shall there be imposed on the goods exported form one country to the other, different or higher duties than if they were exported to any other foreign country.

No restriction or prohibition of importation or exportation shall take place in the reciprocal commerce of the contracting parties which shall not be equally extended to all other nations.

ARTICLE XIX. Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-consuls and Consular Agents may be established by each country in the other for the protection of commerce, such agents shall not enter upon their functions or enjoyment of the rights, privileges and immunities which belong to them until they have obtained the authorization of the territorial government, which shall, besides, preserve the right of determining the place of residence where Consuls may be established; it being understood that neither Government will impose any restriction which is not common in the country to all nations.

ARTICLE XX. The Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls and Consular Agents of Spain, in the Hawaiian Islands, shall enjoy all the rights, privileges, immunities and exemptions enjoyed by the agents of the most favored nation in the same circumstances.

And the same shall be the position in Spain, of the Hawaiian Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls and Consular Agents.

ARTICLE XXI. The desertion of seamen embarked in the vessels of either of the contracting parties shall be severely dealt with in their respective territories. In consequence the Spanish consuls shall have the power to cause to be arrested and sent on board, or to Spain, seamen who may have deserted Spanish vessels in the Hawaiian ports. But for this purpose they must apply to the competent local authorities, and justify, by the exhibition of the original or the duly certified copy of the ship's register, the roll or other official documents to prove that the persons named formed part of the ship's crew. On this application, so supported, the delivery of the seamen shall not be refused.

All aid and assistance shall be given for the discovery and arrest of such deserters, who shall be detained in the prisons of the country, on the requirement and at the expense of the consuls, until they shall find an opportunity of sending them away. If, however, no opportunity shall offer in the course of two months, counting from the day of arrest, the deserters may be set at liberty.

It is understood that seamen who are native Hawaiians shall be excepted from this arrangement, and be treated according to the laws of their own country.

If the deserter has committed any crime in the Hawaiian territory, his release shall not take place till the competent tribunal shall have given judgment, and this judgment been carried into execution.

Hawaiian consuls shall possess exactly the same rights in Spain, and it is formally agreed between the two contracting parties, that every other favor or facility granted or to be granted by either to any other power for the arrest of deserters shall be also granted to the present contracting parties as fully as if they had formed part of the present treaty.

ARTICLE XXII. All operations connected with the salvage of stranded or wrecked Spanish vessels on the Hawaiian coasts shall be superintended by the Consular Agent of Spain, and reciprocally the Consular Hawaiian Agents shall superintend the operations connected with the salvage of Hawaiian vessels stranded or wrecked on the Spanish coasts.

But if the parties interested find themselves on the spot, or the captain possess adequate powers, the administration of the wreck shall be committed to them.

The intervention of the local authorities shall only be applied to the maintenance of order, to guarantee the rights of the salvors if they do not belong to the ship-wrecked crew, and to insure the execution of the measures to be taken for the entry and departure of the saved goods. In the absence and until the arrival of the Consular Agents, the local authorities will take the needful steps for the protection of persons and property wrecked.

The goods saved shall never be subjected to customs or other duty, unless they are disposed of for home consumption.

ARTICLE XXIII. The ships, merchandise and effects belonging to the respective citizens which may have been taken by pirates or conveyed to or found in the ports of either of the contracting parties, shall be delivered to their owners on payment of the expenses should there be such, the amount to be determined by the competent tribunals when the right of the proprietor shall be proved before these tribunals, and the claim being made within the space of eighteen months by the interested parties, by their attorneys, or by the agents of their respective Governments.

ARTICLE XXIV. If, from a concurrence of unfortunate circumstances, differences between the contracting parties should cause an interruption of the relations of friendship between them, and that after having exhausted the means for an amicable and conciliatory discussion, the object of their mutual desire should not have been completely attained, the arbitration of a third power, equally the friend of both, shall by a common accord be appealed to, in order to avoid by this means a definitive rupture.

ARTICLE XXV. Hawaiian subjects shall enjoy, in the Ultra-marine possessions of Spain, the advantages which are conceded to the subjects of the most favored nation, and in the same possessions, the stipulations of this treaty shall have effect when not openly opposed to the special legislation there existing.

ARTICLE XXVI. All vessels bearing the flag of Spain, shall, in time of war, receive every possible protection, short of active hostility, within the ports and waters of the Hawaiian Islands, and Her Majesty the Queen of Spain engages to respect, in time of war the neutrality of the Hawaiian Islands, and to use her good offices with all the other powers having treaties with the same, to induce them to adopt the same policy toward the said Islands.

ARTICLE XXVII. The present treaty shall be in vigor for ten years, to commence six months after the exchange of ratification. If a year before the expiration of this term neither of the contracting parties shall have announced, by an official declaration, its intention of terminating it, the treaty shall still remain in force for a year, and so continue from year to year.

ARTICLE XXVIII. The present treaty shall be ratified and the ratification exchanged at London, within the space of eighteen months, or earlier if may be.

In faith whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and thereto affixed their seals.

Done in duplicate at London, this twenty-ninth day of October, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-three.

- [L.S.] JUAN T. COMYN
- [L.S.] JOHN BOWRING

AND, WHEREAS, The said Treaty has been now duly ratified by His Majesty the King, and His Highness the Regent of Spain, and ratifications exchanged, the said Treaty has become a part of the law of this Kingdom, and all the provisions thereof are to be observed.

[L.S.] CHAS. C. HARRIS, Minister for Foreign Affairs Foreign Office, Sept. 2, 1870